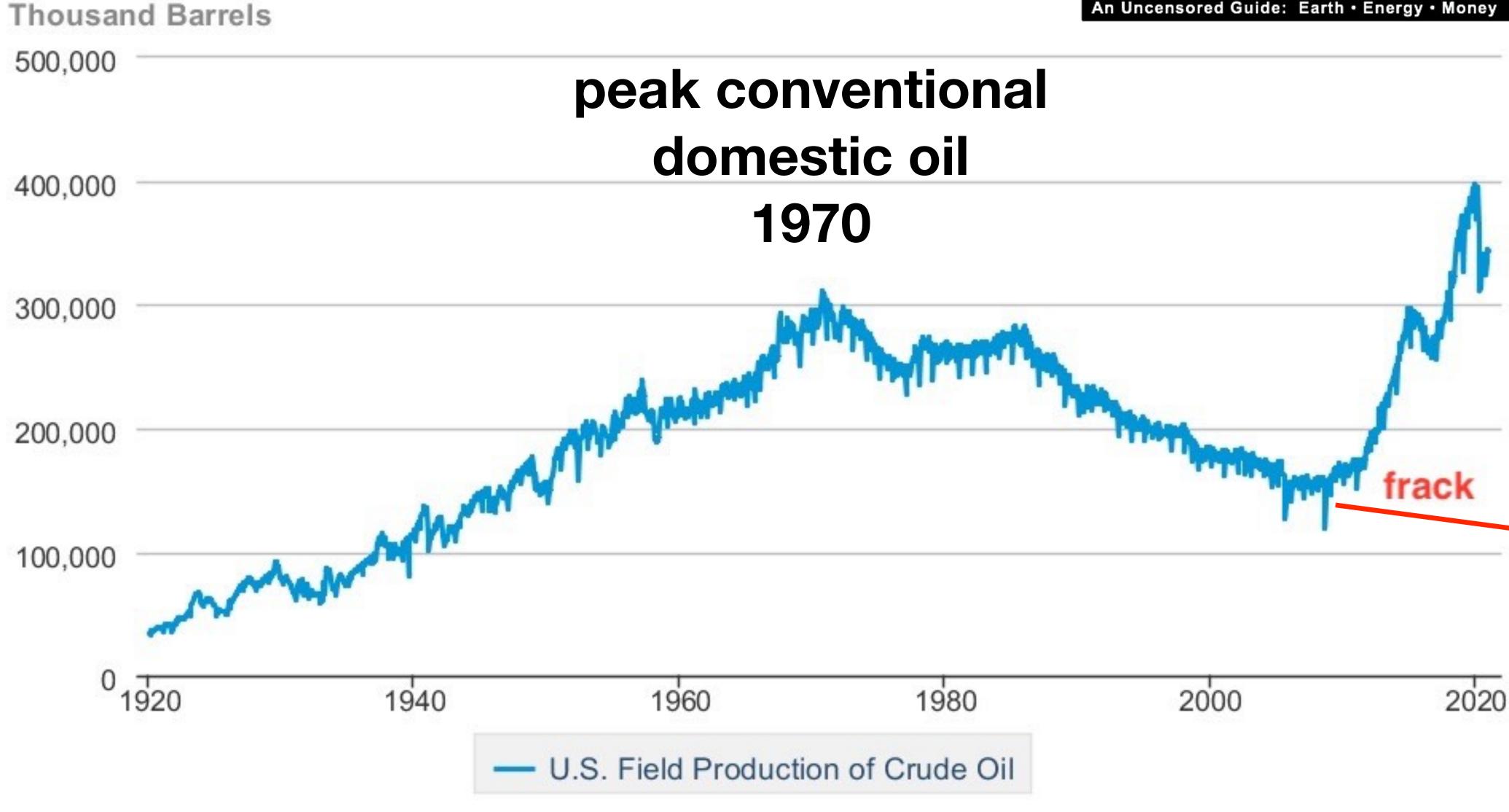
### U.S. Field Production of Crude Oil







## U.S. tight oil production – selected plays

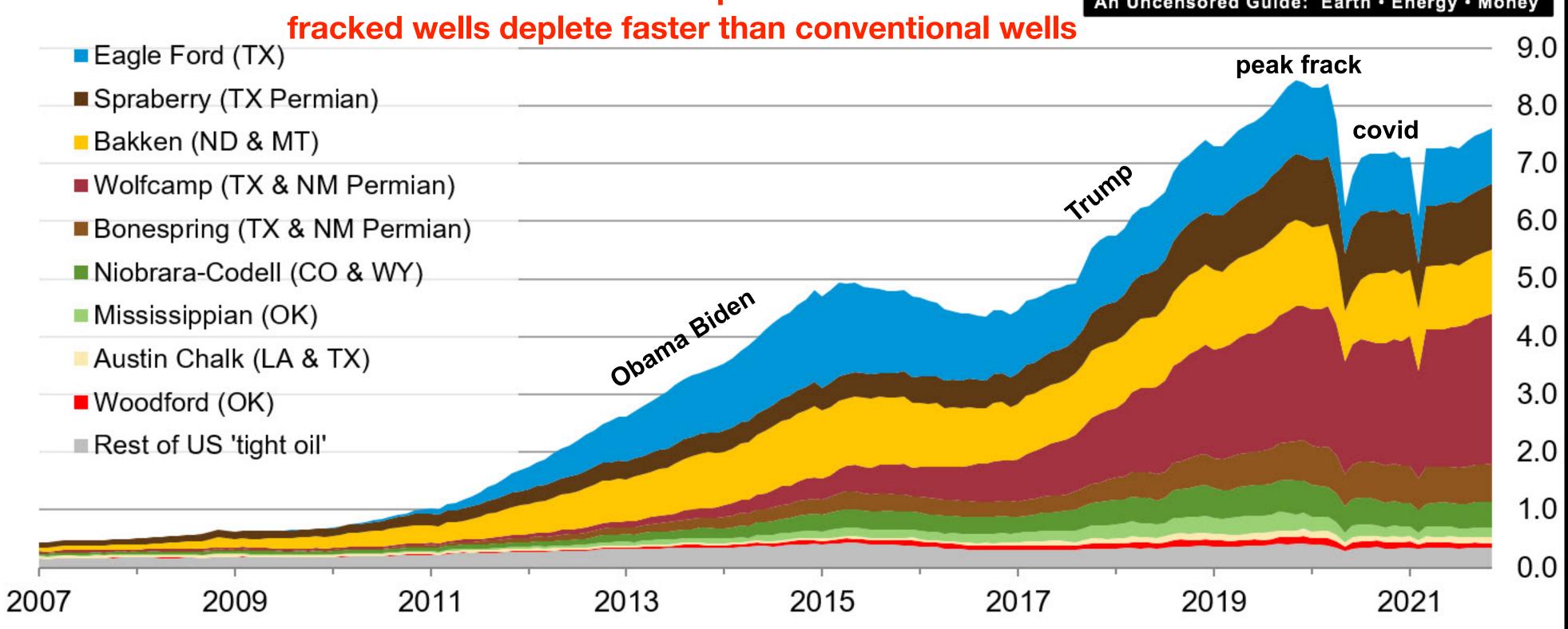
million barrels of oil per day

fracked oil is two thirds of domestic oil production

Cooperation or Collapse

PEAK CHOICE

An Uncensored Guide: Earth • Energy • Money



Sources: EIA derived from state administrative data collected by Enverus. Data are through November 2021 and represent EIA's official tight oil estimates, but are not survey data. State abbreviations indicate primary state(s).

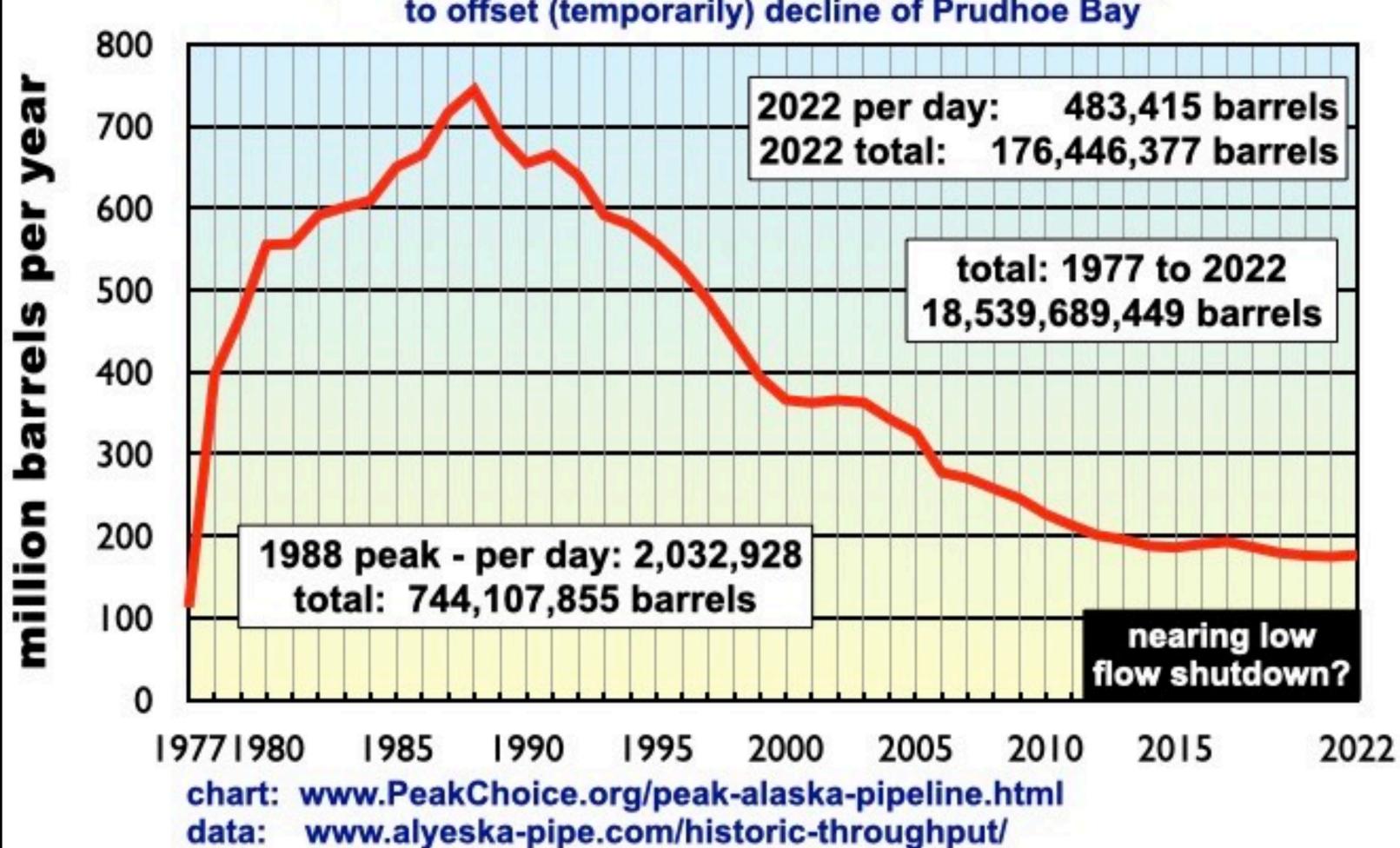
Note: Improvements to play identification methods have altered production volumes between various plays.



# ALASKA PIPELINE: PEAK & DECLINE

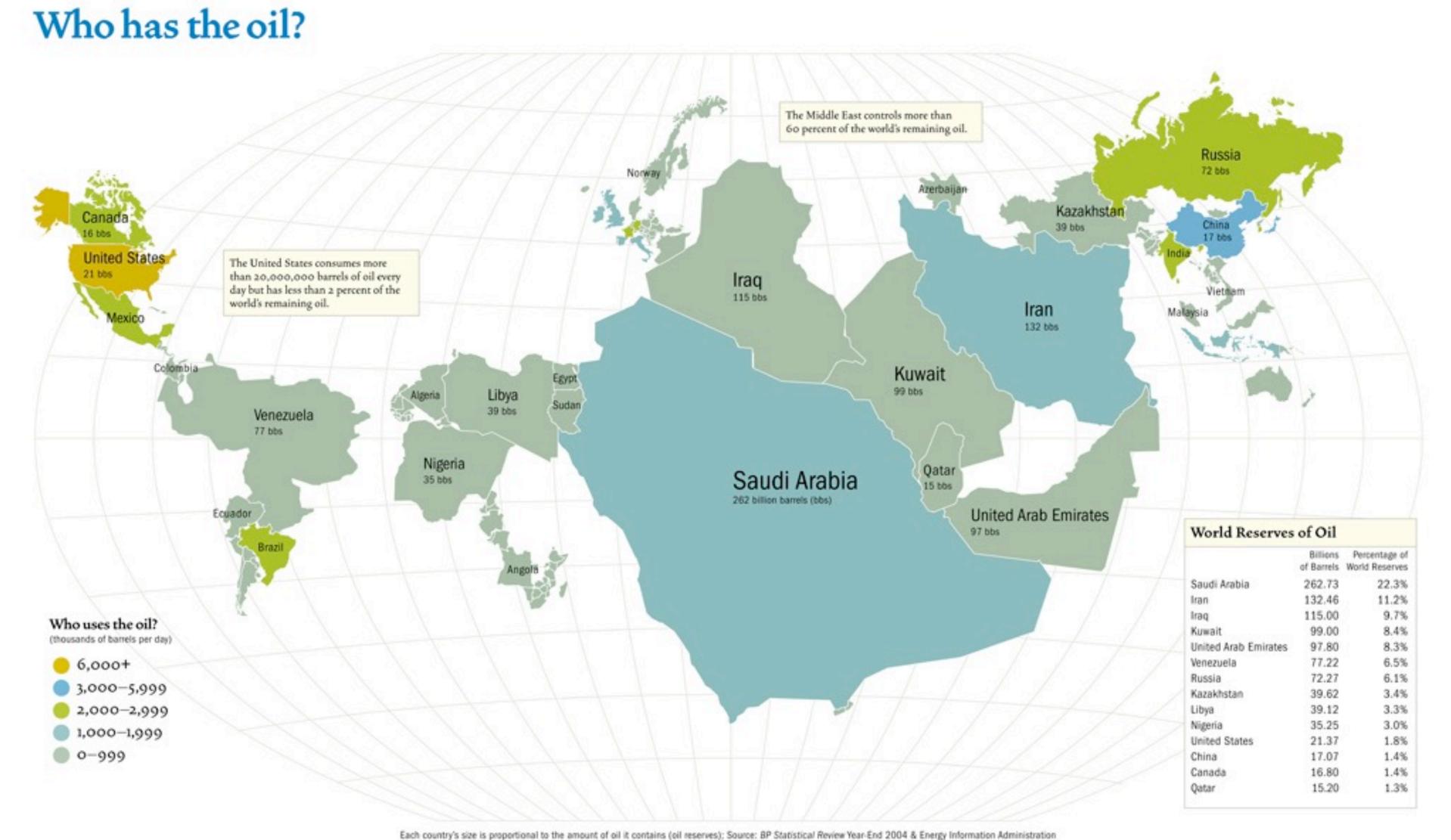
nearing low flow shutdown threshold for Arctic winter operations extraction is now less in summer to reserve capacity for winter

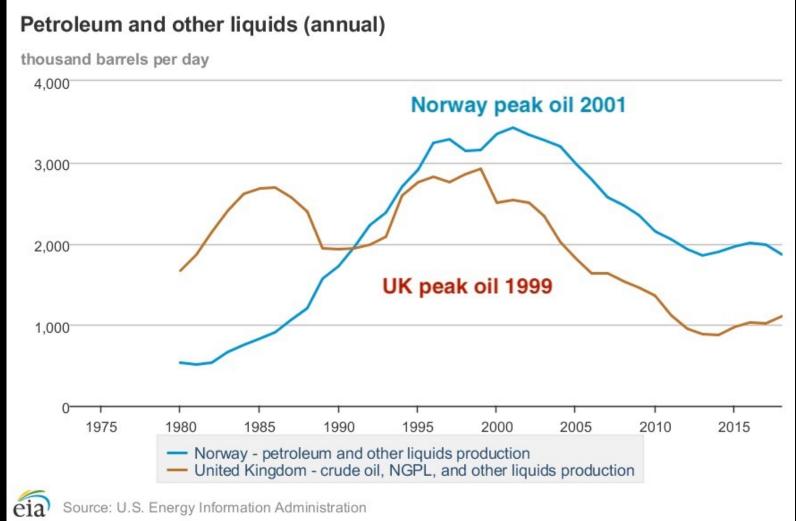
drilling "ANWR" might retrieve another billion barrels, maybe more, to offset (temporarily) decline of Prudhoe Bay

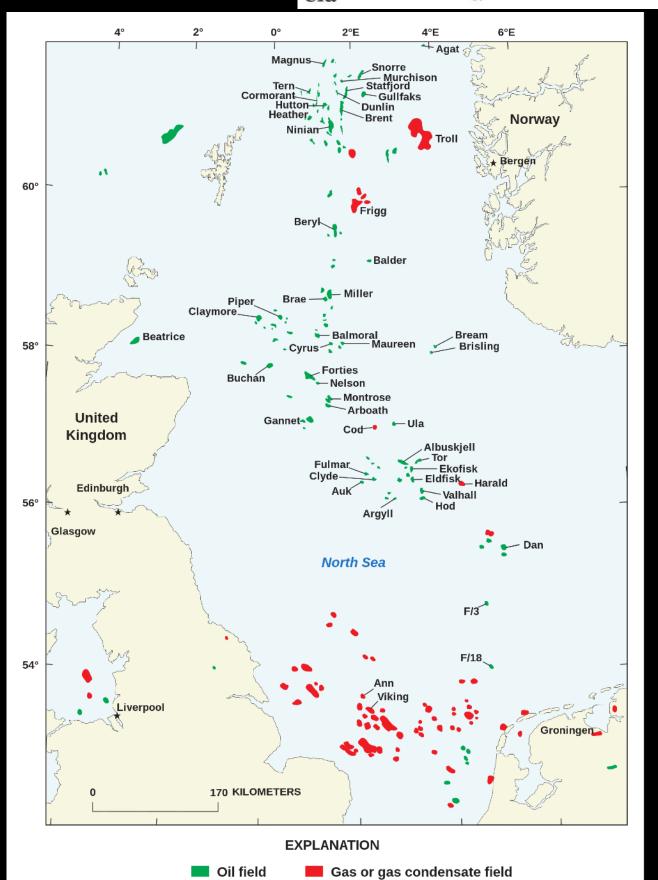


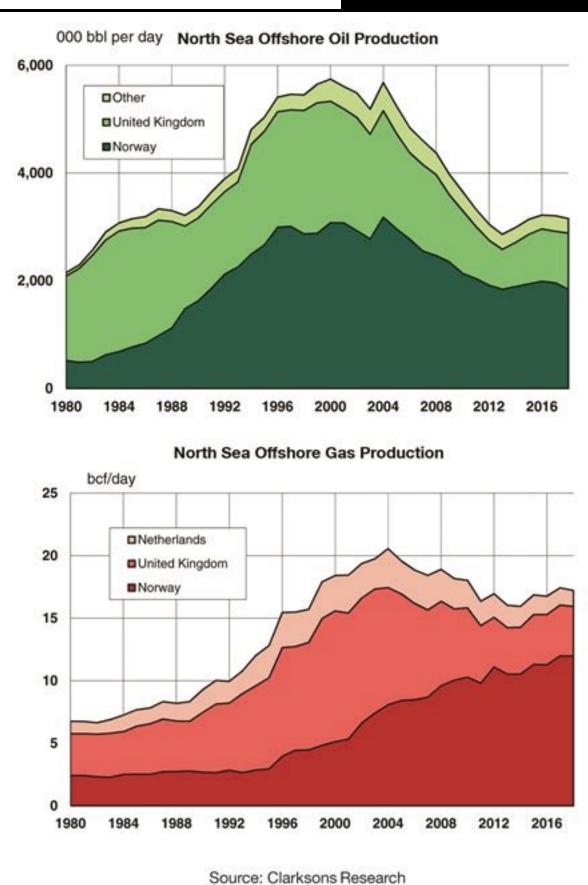


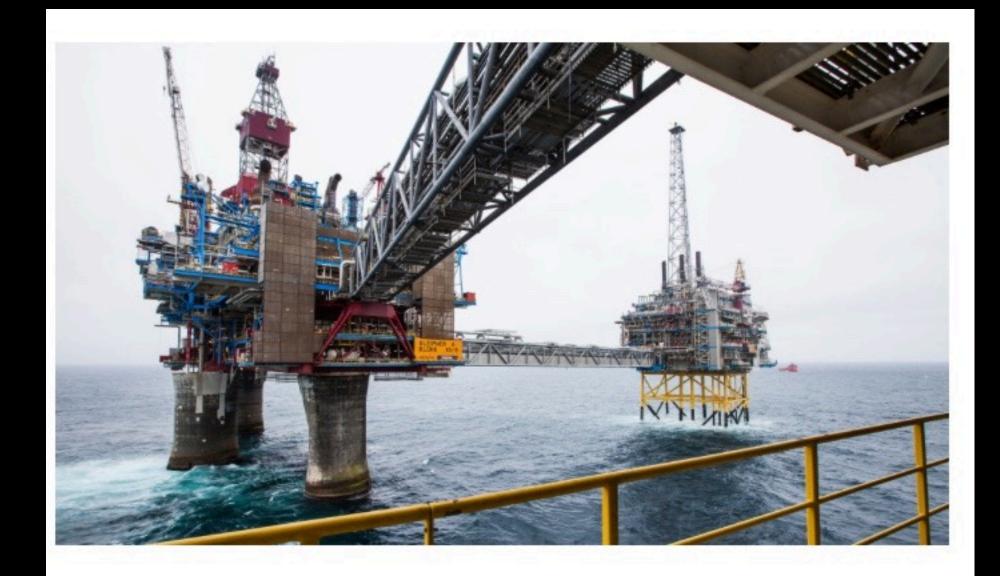












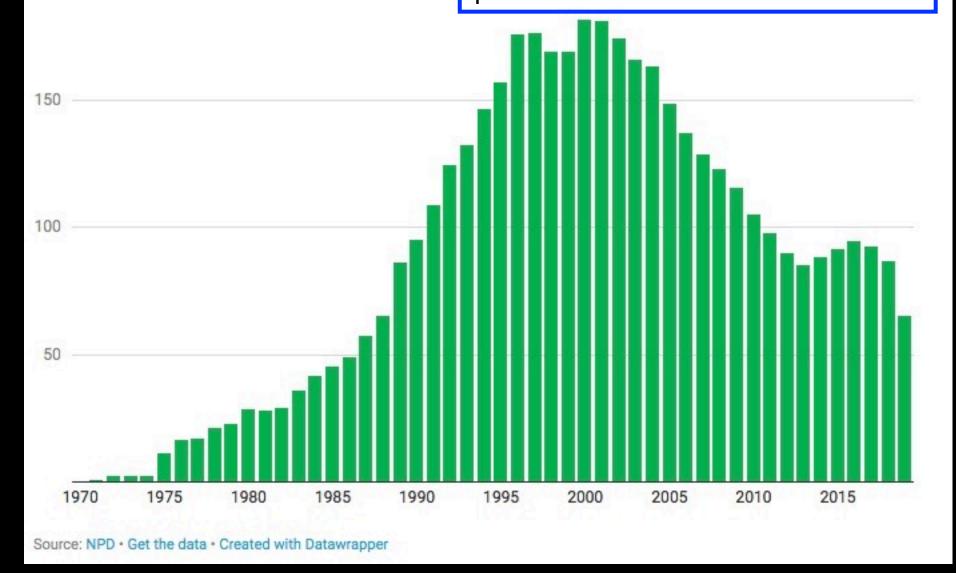
The Norwegian Petroleum Directorate's role is to ensure that the companies implement necessary measures to utilise all valuable resources

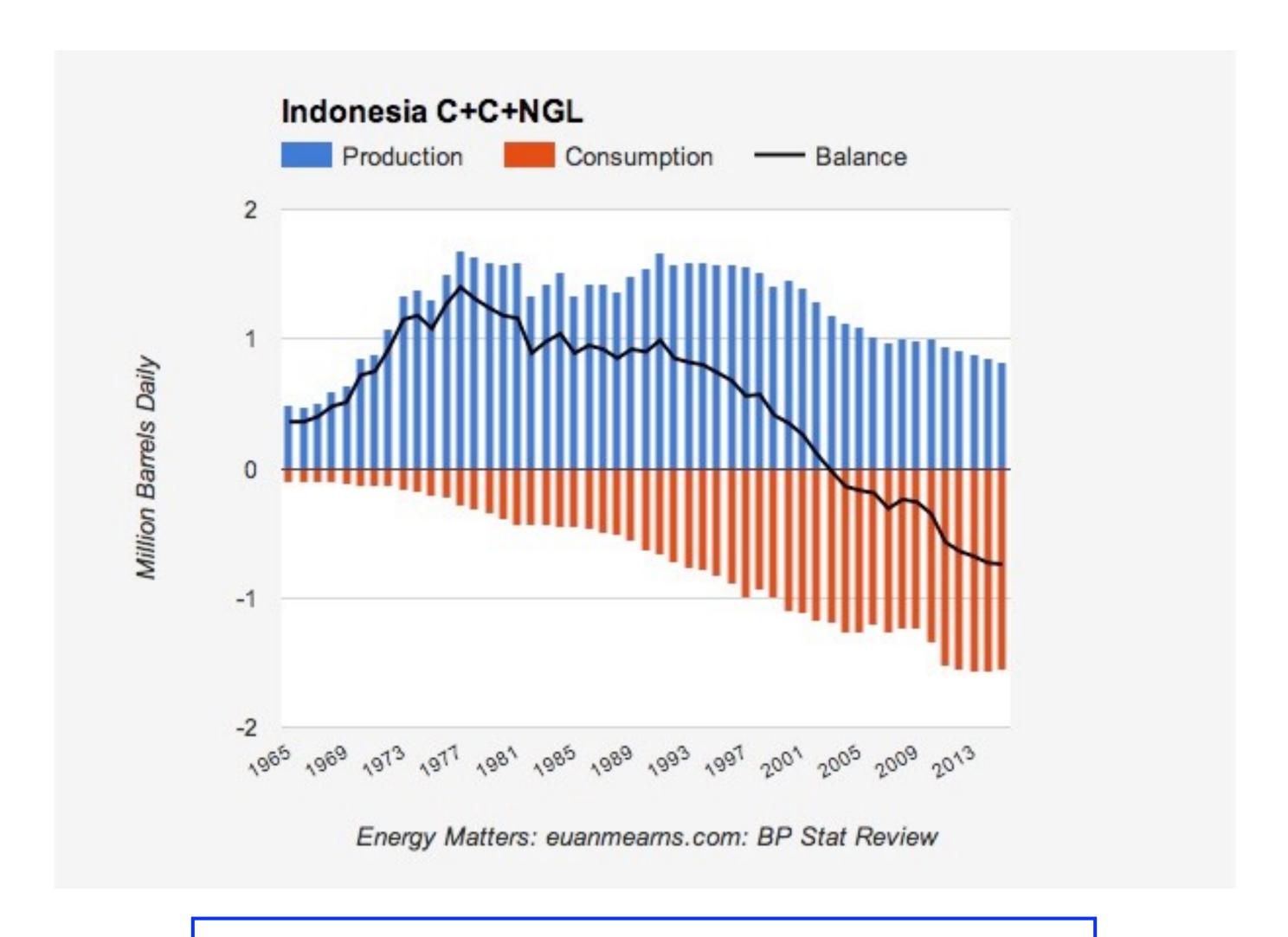
in the fields before they shut down.

#### Oil production

Millions Sm³ oil per year

The government of Norway admits depletion is real. Norway likely is best in the world in countries managing the one-time pulse of petroleum wealth for social benefits.



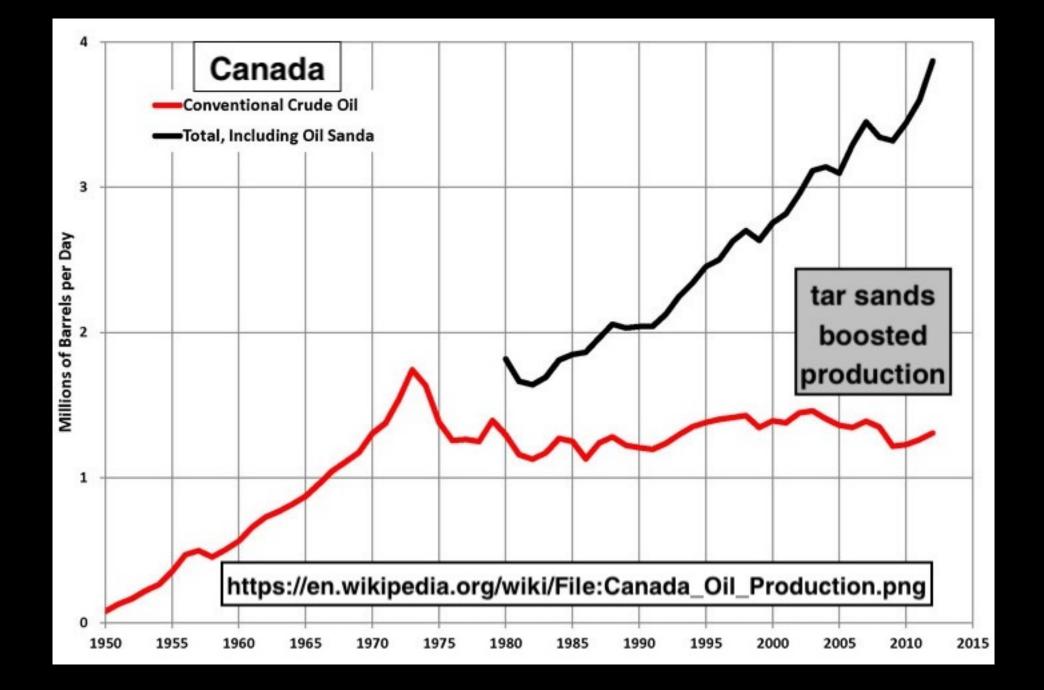


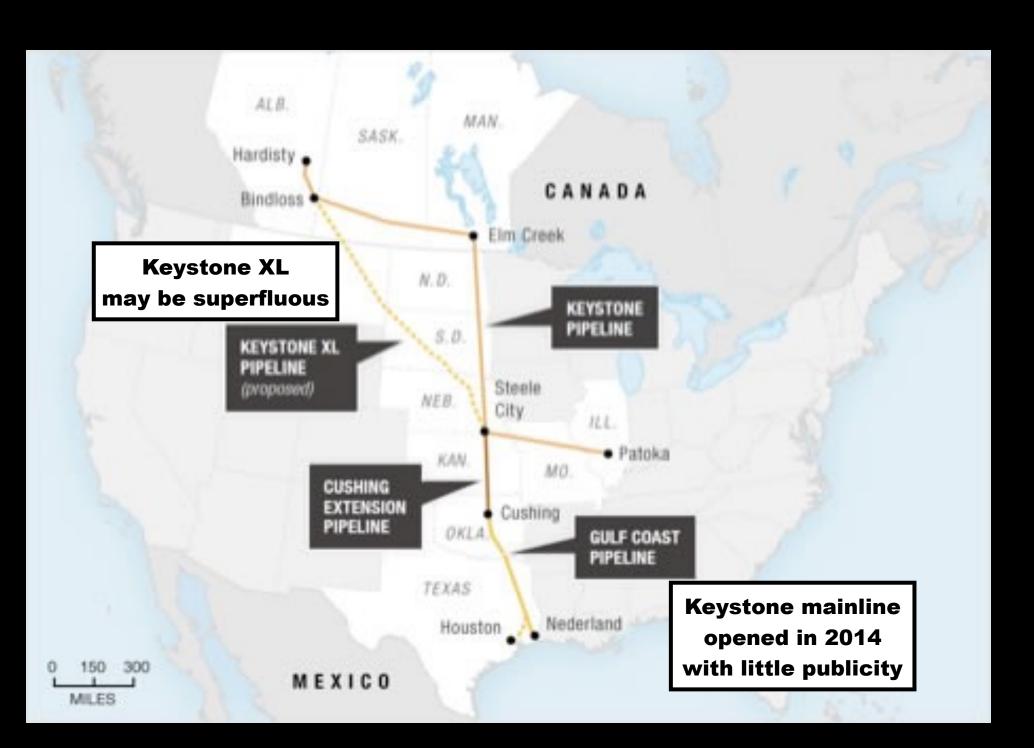
Indonesia: no longer an oil exporter left OPEC because production declined and domestic consumption increased



Tar Sands
eating the Earth
for cars











This sign showing \$6 per gallon after Hurricane Katrina (2005) was at a Georgia gas station.

Peak Oil is not a scam from the oil companies to raise prices, although they are certainly taking advantage of Peak Oil to transfer vast amounts of wealth into their greedy pockets. If the United States became an authentic democracy, we could nationalize the oil companies and use the profits to help the whole society prepare for Peak Oil. Oil profits could be redirected to public transit, insulating homes and renewable energy systems. This would not be "socialism" but changing what is produced, not just who owns the means of production.



Saving Oil in a Hurry is from an International **Energy Agency conference in 2005. This chart** shows a variety of policies that could quickly reduce oil consumption in the event of urgent need. The specific reason was left vague but could include depletion of oil fields, policies to address climate change and of course, war that disrupts production.

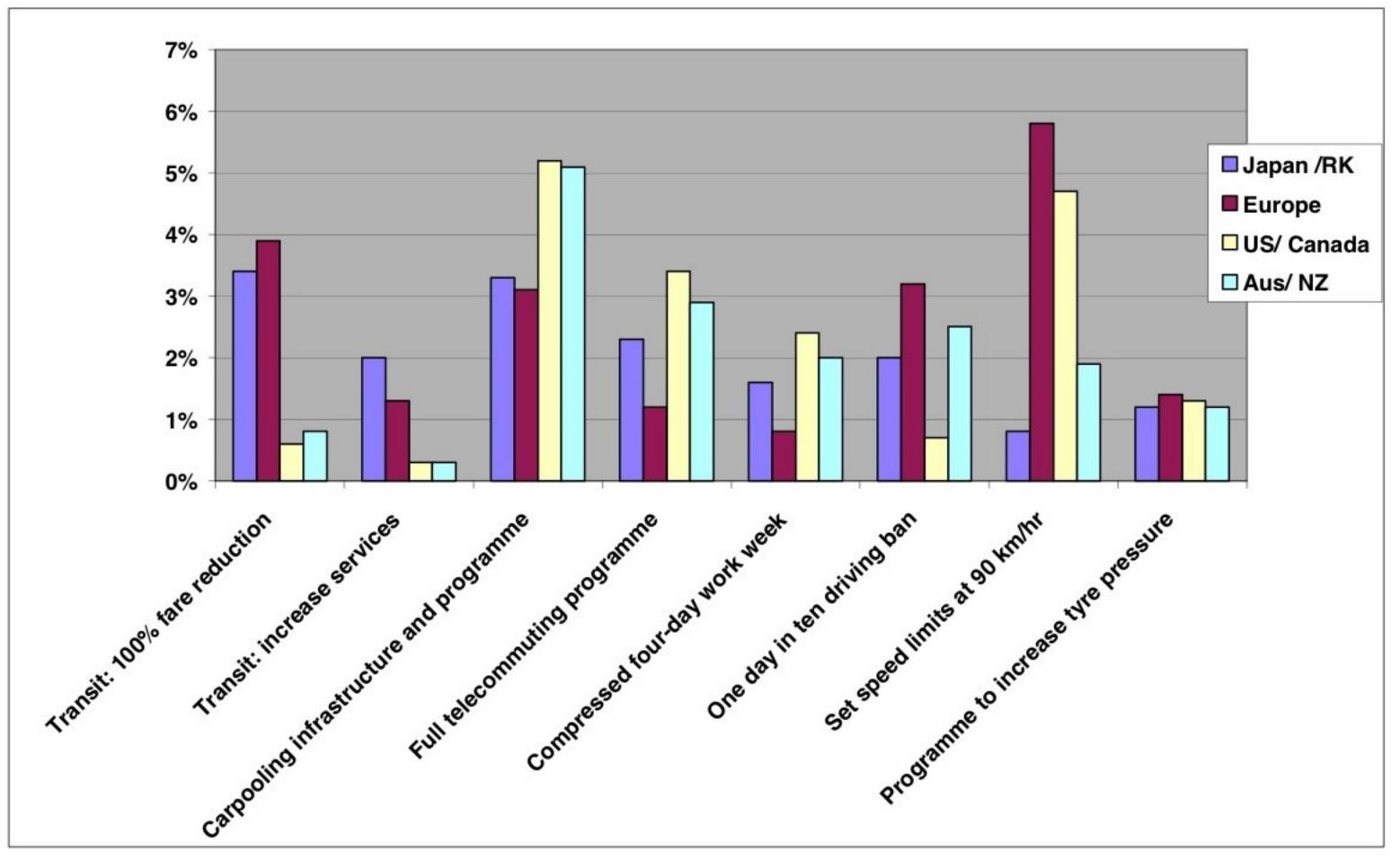
Some policies would be more effective in some places than others. Making public transit free would have more impact in Japan, the Republic of Korea and Europe than in the US, Canada, Australia and New Zealand. Conversely, car pooling would help more in the latter countries than in the former.

The late activist Jan Lundberg, who left his family's oil consultancy to campaign against car culture, said the New York Times once offered to publish an op-ed by him but only if he focused on increasing tire pressure to make cars more efficient. He declined their offer. Among Jan's projects were the Alliance for a Paving Moratorium, Culture Change and the Sail Transport Network.

About a decade ago I shared this graphic with the Climate and Energy staffperson for the City of Eugene. He was literate about the risks Peak Oil poses to everything and said this graphic was extremely helpful. I asked what he planned to do with it, would he share it with his colleagues planning Eugene's future? He replied that he would keep it to his files, waiting for a time when sharing it would be better received. Unfortunately, advance planning for crisis works better than waiting for chaos.

Being in less of a hurry would save oil in a hurry.

# Percent reduction in total fuel use by IEA region, selected measures



Imperial College

London

"Saving Oil in a Hurry"

**International Energy Agency 2005**